



Complement (c)

- it helps to complete a sentence.
- it may be a noun, adverb, adjective.
- Be verb (am, is, are, was, were) follows complement.

Example:

Ram is a **lawyer**. (noun)

She is in the **hospital**. (noun)

She is **kind**. (adjective)

Complement (c)



Subject Complement (c)

- It talks about the subject.
- Linking verbs takes subject complement (am, is, are, was, were, seem, feel, appear)
- A subject complement can be a noun, adverb, adjective

Example:

Priya is a good girl (subject complement)

She is intelligent.

She is respected and admired by her students.

Object Complement (c)

- It talks about the object.
- It may be a noun, adjective or phrase which adds information about the direct object.
- Succeeds the direct object.

Example:

They call Andrea genius (object complement)

They find her intelligent.

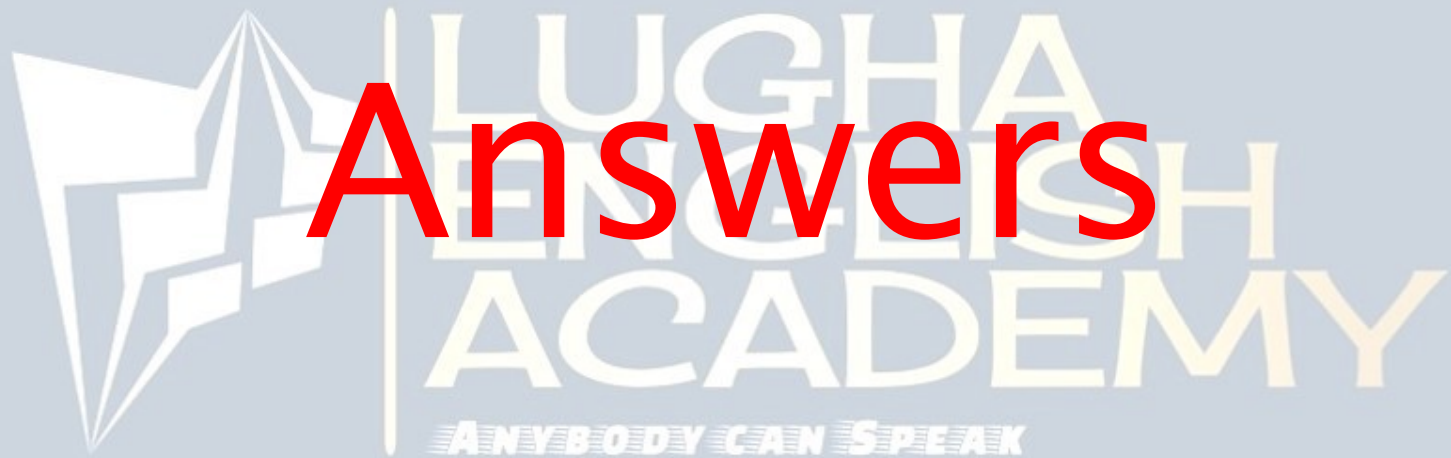
Many students consider her amazing and admirable.

Note : Subject complement -> renames or describes the subject.
Object complement -> adds information about the object.

Find out the pattern of each sentence

1. They are players.
2. They made him captain.
3. Her father is a doctor.
4. I am an Indian.
5. Her eyes are beautiful.
6. They elected him speaker.
7. The news made his name popular.
8. She worked hard.
9. The tea is getting cold.
10. They made him the mayor.





Find out the pattern of each sentence

1. They (s) are (v) players. (c)
2. They (s) made (v) him (o) captain. (c)
3. Her father (s) is (v) a doctor. (c)
4. I (s) am (v) an Indian. (c)
5. Her eyes (s) are (v) beautiful. (c)
6. They (s) elected (v) him (o) speaker. (c)
7. The news (s) made (v) his name (o) popular. (c)
8. She (s) worked (v) hard. (c)
9. The tea (s) is getting (v) cold. (c)
10. They (s) made (v) him (o) the mayor. (c)

